P-ISSN: 2617-9806 E-ISSN: 2617-9814



Impact Factor: RJIF 5.2 www.nursingjournal.net

International Journal of Advance Research in Nursing

Volume 7; Issue 1; Jan-Jun 2024; Page No. 82-85

Received: 12-11-2023 Accepted: 17-12-2023 Indexed Journal Peer Reviewed Journal

Artificial intelligence (AI) in nursing

¹Nandeesh Kumar PR

¹ Lecturer, M.Sc. Nursing, Department of Medical Surgical Nursing, Cauvery College of Nursing, Karnataka, India

Corresponding Author: Nandeesh Kumar PR

DOI: https://doi.org/10.33545/nursing.2024.v7.i1.B.370

Abstract

AI in healthcare is a technology that enhances the quality, efficiency, and accessibility of healthcare services. It can assist in tasks such as diagnosis, treatment, prevention, research, and data management. Examples of AI applications include computer vision for medical imaging analysis, natural language processing for clinical documentation, machine learning for predictive analytics, and robotics for surgery and rehabilitation. AI has numerous applications in nursing, where it can analyze large amounts of data, suggest best interventions, enhance quality and safety of care, facilitate learning and development, improve efficiency and productivity, and enhance nurses' satisfaction and well-being. However, AI also poses challenges and ethical issues, such as privacy, security, accountability, transparency, trust, and human dignity. Nurses must be aware of these challenges and be involved in the design, development, evaluation, and regulation of AI systems to ensure they align with nursing values and standards.

Keywords: Artificial intelligence, nursing, healthcare

Introduction



Fig 1: Artificial intelligence (AI)

AI is a powerful technology that can enhance the quality and efficiency of healthcare delivery. AI can be understood as the ability of smart machines to perform tasks that require human intelligence, such as perception, reasoning, planning, learning, and manipulation. AI relies on algorithms, which are sets of rules that guide the machine's learning and problem-solving. AI is not a replacement for human judgment, but a tool that can augment and support human decision making. AI can help nurses in various aspects of their practice, such as diagnosis, treatment, documentation, and education. However, to leverage the benefits of AI, nurses need to have a basic understanding of its principles and applications, and how it can complement their clinical expertise and intuition. AI is not a threat to nursing, but an opportunity to improve patient outcomes and achieve the

Quadruple Aim.

AI can be daunting and complex, but it can be simplified by focusing on the role of algorithms. Algorithms are sequences of steps that ensure the completion of a specific task. They are the building blocks of AI that enable the machine to learn from data and generate suggestions. AI is not autonomous, but assistive. It requires human input and oversight to validate and apply its recommendations. It is a balance between data-driven science and human judgment. In healthcare, it is "Clinical Intelligence": machine algorithms designed for diagnostic and treatment processes that are used in appropriate cases for everyone (patients, health professionals and payors) as an extension of care for the right treatment, to the right person at the right time (Health Information and Management Systems Society, 2018).

AI in healthcare is the use of artificial intelligence techniques to improve the quality, efficiency and accessibility of healthcare services. AI can help with tasks such as diagnosis, treatment, prevention, research and management of health data. Some examples of AI applications in healthcare are.

- Computer vision for medical imaging analysis, such as detecting tumors, fractures or anomalies.
- Natural language processing for clinical documentation, such as extracting relevant information from medical records or generating summaries.
- Machine learning for predictive analytics, such as forecasting disease outbreaks, identifying risk factors or optimizing resource allocation.

 Robotics for surgery, rehabilitation or assistance, such as performing delicate operations, enhancing mobility or providing social support.

Artificial intelligence (AI) is the simulation of human intelligence processes by machines, especially computer systems. AI can perform tasks such as learning, reasoning, and problem-solving that normally requires human expertise and intervention. AI has many applications in various fields, including nursing.

Nursing is a profession that involves caring for patients, promoting health, preventing illness, and providing emotional support. Nurses often face complex and dynamic situations that require quick and accurate decisions. AI can assist nurses in different aspects of their work, such as diagnosis, treatment, education, research, and administration.

Some examples of how AI can benefit nursing are

- AI can analyze large amounts of data from electronic health records, sensors, and other sources to provide insights into the health status and needs of patients. AI can also suggest the best interventions and care plans for each patient based on their individual characteristics and preferences.
- AI can enhance the quality and safety of nursing care by reducing errors, detecting anomalies, and alerting nurses to potential risks or complications. AI can also monitor the performance and outcomes of nursing interventions and provide feedback and recommendations for improvement.
- AI can facilitate the learning and development of nurses by providing personalized and adaptive education and training programs. AI can also help nurses update their knowledge and skills by providing access to the latest evidence-based practices and research findings.
- AI can improve the efficiency and productivity of nursing work by automating routine and repetitive tasks, such as documentation, scheduling, and ordering.
 AI can also optimize the allocation and utilization of nursing resources, such as staff, equipment, and supplies.
- AI can enhance the satisfaction and well-being of nurses by reducing their workload, stress, and burnout. AI can also support the communication and collaboration of nurses with other health professionals, patients, and families.

AI has the potential to transform nursing practice and improve health outcomes for patients. However, AI also poses some challenges and ethical issues that need to be addressed, such as privacy, security, accountability, transparency, trust, and human dignity. Nurses need to be aware of the benefits and limitations of AI, as well as the implications for their roles and responsibilities. Nurses also need to be involved in the design, development, evaluation, and regulation of AI systems to ensure that they are aligned with the values and standards of nursing.

Artificial Intelligence

AI is the term that describes the ability of computers to perform tasks that normally require human intelligence,

such as vision, language processing, data analysis, and decision making.

AI is the driving force behind many innovations in the digital era, creating value for individuals and organizations. For instance, OCR is an AI technique that converts images and documents into structured data that can be used for various purposes, such as extracting information, automating workflows, and generating insights.

Artificial intelligence is a field of science concerned with building computers and machines that can reason, learn, and act in such a way that would normally require human intelligence or that involves data whose scale exceeds what humans can analyze.

AI is a broad field that encompasses many different disciplines, including computer science, data analytics and statistics, hardware and software engineering, linguistics, neuroscience, and even philosophy and psychology.

On an operational level for business use, AI is a set of technologies that are based primarily on machine learning and deep learning, used for data analytics, predictions and forecasting, object categorization, natural language processing, recommendations, intelligent data retrieval, and more.

AI is an interdisciplinary domain that draws from various fields of knowledge, such as computer science, data analytics and statistics, hardware and software engineering, linguistics, neuroscience, and even philosophy and psychology.

For business applications, AI is a collection of technologies that rely mainly on machine learning and deep learning, used for data analytics, predictions and forecasting, object categorization, natural language processing, recommendations, intelligent data retrieval, and more.

Advantages of AI in Nursing

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has a significant impact on nursing practice, enhancing patient care and streamlining various aspects of healthcare.

Advantages of AI in nursing are

- 1. Clinical Decision Support
- AI-powered clinical decision support tools, integrated into electronic health records (EHRs) and mobile health applications enhance nurses' ability to make informed clinical decisions.
- These tools provide predictions, suggestions, and actionable options based on patient data.
- Advantages include:
- Quickly considering large volumes of data for risk prediction.
- Increased specificity in identifying patients at risk.
- Automated adjustments in variable selection and calculation.

2. Automation of Administrative Tasks

- AI allows healthcare professionals, including nurses, to automate administrative tasks such as scheduling, documentation, and billing.
- By reducing manual workload, nurses can focus more on direct patient care.
- 3. Simulation and Training
- AI can simulate patient scenarios, allowing nurses to

develop critical judgment skills.

• Nursing education can benefit from AI-driven simulations that replicate real-world situations.

4. Enhanced Patient Monitoring

- AI-powered sensors and wearable devices enable continuous monitoring of patients' vital signs.
- Nurses receive real-time alerts for any abnormalities, allowing timely interventions.

5. Predictive analytics

- AI algorithms analyze historical data to predict patient outcomes, readmission risks, and disease progression.
- Nurses can proactively address potential issues and personalize care plans.

6. Improved Workflow Efficiency

- AI optimizes resource allocation, patient flow, and bed management within healthcare facilities.
- Nurses can allocate their time more effectively, leading to better patient outcomes.

Disadvantages of AI in Nursing

Artificial Intelligence (AI) offers numerous benefits in nursing; it also comes with several challenges and risks.

Disadvantages of AI in nursing are

1. Inaccuracies and Errors

- AI systems can occasionally make mistakes, leading to incorrect diagnoses or treatment recommendations.
- Patient safety is at risk if AI algorithms produce erroneous results.

2. Privacy Concerns

- The acquisition and use of patient data for AI inference raise privacy issues.
- Ensuring patient confidentiality while leveraging AI is crucial.

3. Bias and Inequality

- AI models can inherit biases present in historical data.
- If not carefully addressed, these biases can perpetuate inequalities in healthcare delivery.

4. Dependency on Large Datasets

- AI algorithms require substantial amounts of highquality, representative data.
- Obtaining such data can be challenging and resourceintensive.

5. Resistance to Change

- Nurses and healthcare professionals may resist adopting AI due to fear of job displacement or unfamiliarity with new technologies.
- Proper training and education are essential to mitigate this resistance.

Implications of AI in Nursing

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has rapidly emerged as a transformative technology in various industries, and healthcare is no exception. In nursing, AI has the potential to revolutionize patient care, streamline workflows, and

improve clinical outcomes.

Here are some implications of AI in nursing:

1. Clinical Decision Support

- AI-powered clinical decision support tools enhance nurses' ability to make informed clinical decisions.
- These tools provide predictions, suggestions, and actionable options based on patient data.
- AI can quickly consider large volumes of data, increase specificity in identifying patients at risk, and automate variable selection and calculation.

2. Streamlined Workflows

- AI automates administrative tasks such as scheduling, documentation, and billing.
- Nurses can focus more on direct patient care, improving efficiency and reducing manual workload.

3. Patient Monitoring and Predictive Analytics

- AI-driven sensors and wearable devices enable continuous monitoring of vital signs.
- Predictive analytics help nurses proactively address potential issues and personalize care plans.

4. Nursing Education

- AI provides quicker access to accurate data sets, aiding in predicting patient outcomes and understanding illnesses.
- Nurses can make better-informed diagnoses and enhance their clinical knowledge.

5. Ethical Considerations

- Nurses should be actively involved in the conceptualization, development, and implementation of AI.
- Ensuring patient safety, privacy, and addressing biases are critical aspects of AI adoption in nursing.

Enhancement of AI in Nursing

Improving the integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in nursing involves several strategies. The ways to enhance AI adoption and maximize its benefits are:

1. Invest in Informatics Education

- Nurses should accelerate their transformation into a digitally enabled profession by investing in informatics education.
- Understanding AI, data science, and other digital health topics is crucial to ensure safe and appropriate development of emerging technologies like AI.

2. Up skill in Data Science

- Nurses can benefit from up skilling in data science.
- Familiarity with data analytics and AI concepts enables nurses to engage effectively with AI technologies in practice and patient care.

3. Embrace Augmented Intelligence (AI)

- Shift the focus from "Artificial Intelligence" to "Augmented Intelligence."
- Augmented Intelligence emphasizes collaboration between humans and AI, enhancing nurses' capabilities

rather than replacing them.

4. Stay Actively Informed

- Nurses must actively stay informed about the growing use of AI in healthcare.
- Avoid delegating this involvement to others, especially non-clinicians.
- Consider becoming an indispensable nursing AI expert.

5. Balance Tradition and Innovation

- Acknowledge that digital technologies coexist with traditional nursing ideals.
- Find ways to integrate AI without compromising compassionate care and therapeutic relationships with patients.

6. Collaborate Across Disciplines

- Engage with interdisciplinary teams to develop and implement AI solutions.
- Collaborate with technologists, researchers, and policymakers to shape AI's impact on nursing practice.

Conclusion

Artificial intelligence (AI) is a potent technology that helps with diagnosis, treatment, prevention, research, and data administration, among other duties, hence improving healthcare services. It may be applied in many different domains, such as nursing, where it can analyze vast volumes of data, recommend the best courses of action, improve the standard and safety of care, support learning, boost productivity, and increase the satisfaction of nurses. AI does, however, also present ethical problems with regard to human dignity, privacy, security, accountability, transparency, and trust. To make sure AI systems adhere to nursing ideals and standards, nurses must be involved in their design, development, evaluation, and regulation.

References

- Douthit BJ, Shaw RJ, Lytle KS, Richesson RL, Cary MP Jr. Artificial intelligence in nursing. American Nurse Journal; c2022 Jan 11. Available from: https://www.myamericannurse.com/ai-artificialintelligence-in-nursing/
- 2. Page L, Brin S. Alphabet Inc. Google Cloud https://cloud.google.com/learn/what-is-artificialintelligence
- 3. https://bmcmedinformdecismak.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12911-021-01488-9
- 4. https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fdgth.2022 .765406/full
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Artificial_intelligence
- https://www.himss.org/resources/artificial-intelligencecritical-thinking-and-nursing process?gclid=Cj0KCQjwi7GnBhDXARIsAFLvH4luh ZhxBHv2PGMJm6rCBGltkXw6ynLjX_5eDYU-N-JKCcc-F2J_JmkaAsaXEALw_wcB
- https://www.jmir.org/2020/6/e15154/: Artificial Intelligence to Augmented Intelligence: Practical Guidance for Nurses | OJIN: The Online Journal of Issues in Nursing (nursingworld.org)
- 8. https://www.wgu.edu/blog/how-ai-influencing-nursing-education2307.html

- 9. https://nursejournal.org/articles/ai-in-healthcare/
- 10. https://www.cureus.com/articles/214882-can-artificialintelligence-replace-the-unique-nursing-role#!/
- 11. https://www.nursing.columbia.edu/news/q-artificialintelligence-and-nursing
- 12. https://www.telusinternational.com/insights/aidata/article/how-to-mitigate-bias-in-artificialintelligence-models

How to Cite This Article

Nandeesh KPR. Artificial intelligence (AI) in nursing. International Journal of Advance Research in Nursing. 2024;7(1):82-85.

Creative Commons (CC) License

This is an open access journal, and articles are distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-Non Commercial-Share Alike 4.0 International (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) License, which allows others to remix, tweak, and build upon the work non-commercially, as long as appropriate credit is given and the new creations are licensed under the identical terms.